technology transfer fact sheet



Olneya tesota

Family: Leguminosae (Papilionoideae)

Desert Ironwood

Olneya tesota (Desert Ironwood) is the only species in this genus. The name olneya is named for Stephen Thayer Olney (1812-1878), businessman and botanist of Rhode Island. The word tesota is a Native American name. The native Americans of the area grind the roasted beans for use in "pinole".

Olneya tesota-Arbol de hierro, black ironwood, **desert ironwood**, hesen, ironwood, Mexican ironwood, palo de hierro, palo fierro, palo tinta, sonora ironwood, tesota, tosota, trauwood, una de gato.

Distribution

In southeastern California, southwestern Arizona and northwestern Mexico on gravelly or sandy mesas or rocky foothills of the desert.

The Tree

Desert ironwood trees are shrubs to small trees which can reach heights of 30 feet, with a diameter of 3 feet. The branches are armed with stiff, sharp spines.

The Wood

General

The wood from *Olneya tesota* is hard, strong but brittle and difficult to work. It is lustrous, without distinctive odor or taste when dry. Its texture is medium coarse, with irregular grain. It finishes smoothly with a high natural polish. The sapwood is light brown to yellow, while the heartwood is dark brown.

Mechanical Properties (2-inch standard)

				Compression				
	Specific gravity	$\begin{array}{c} MOE \\ x10^6 \ lbf/in^2 \end{array}$	MOR lbf/in²	Parallel lbf/in²	Perpendicular lbf/in²	$\begin{array}{c} WML^a\\ in\text{-lbf/in}^3 \end{array}$	Hardness lbf	Shear lbf/in²
Green	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Dry	1.15	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
^a WML = Work to maximum load. Reference (3).								

Drying and Shrinkage

No information available at this time.

Kiln Drying Schedule

No information available at this time.

Working Properties: Very difficult to work with hand tools. Can be machined if tools are kept sharp. It finishes well and has a good luster.

Durability: Desert ironwood is very durable.

Preservation: No information available at this time.

Uses: Fuelwood, brush backs, turnery, novelties.

Toxicity: Sawdust from this wood is reported to irritate the eyes and nose.

Additional Reading and References Cited (in parentheses)

- 1. Benson, L. and Darrow, R. A. Trees and shrubs of the southwestern deserts. Tucson, AZ, USA: The University of Arizona Press;
- 2. Record, S. J. and Hess R. W. Timbers of the new world. New Haven, CT: Yale University Press; 1943. 3. Standley, P. C. *Olneya tesota*. Mem. Amer. Acad. N. Ser. 1855; 5:328.